

Anderson Localization 1958-2008

*From electrons, towards ultrasound
and ... cold atoms*

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Localization [..] very few believed it at the time, and even fewer saw its importance, among those who failed was certainly its author. It has yet to receive adequate mathematical treatment, and one has to resort to the indignity of numerical simulations to settle even the simplest questions about it.


P.W. Anderson, Nobel lecture, 1977



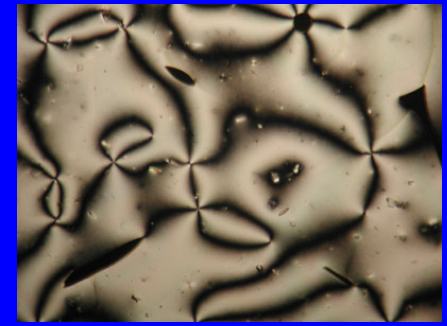
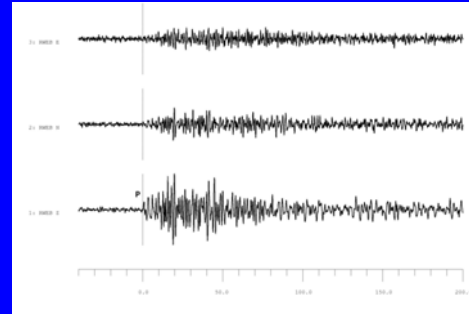
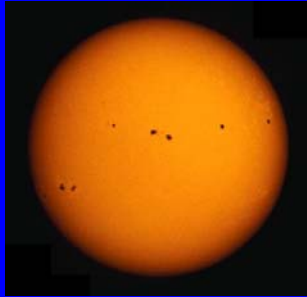
Half a century.....

1958	Anderson	« vanishing of diffusion »
1960	Mott/Ioffe-Regel	$l \leq \frac{\lambda}{2\pi}$
1965	Mott	Minimum conductivity Variable range hopping
1972	Thouless	Sensitivity to BC: $g < 1$ (Thouless criterion)
1977	Anderson/Mott	Nobel Prize
1980	« gang of four »	Scaling theory $\frac{\partial \log(g)}{\partial \log(L)}$
1980	Götze, Vollhardt, Wölfle	Self-consistent theory
1982	Halperin, Pruisken	Scaling theory of Quantum Hall effect
>1982	Sharvin, Lagendijk, Maret, Maynard,...	Weak localization Mesoscopic physics!

1983	Fröhlich & Spencer	Mathematical proof for 3D Anderson model
1984	Anderson	25 years localization « <i>unrecognizable monster</i> »
1986	Anderson	« Theory of white paint »
1986	Kramer, Mackinnon, Economou, Soukoulis, Schreiber	Tight binding model
1987	Papanicolaou, Sheng	Prediction of Localization of Seismic Waves in layered Earth Crust
1987	Souillard	Localization of Gravitational Waves in Universe?
1988	John	Prediction of Localization of light in Photonic crystals
1990	Dorokhorov, Mello etal, Beenakker Altschuler	DMPK equation for wire interactions

> 1991	Bell-labs Weaver Genack Exxon (Sheng et al)	2D localization microwaves 2D localization of ultrasound Q1D localization microwaves 2D localization of bending waves
>1995	BEC community	Localization of light in BEC cold atoms gazes or the contrary?
1997	Wiersma, Lagendijk	3D localization of infrared light 
> 1998	Cao, Wiersma et al, Soukoulis, Sebbah, ...	Random lasering from (pre) localized states
2000	Genack Beenakker, ... Van Tiggelen/ Lagendijk/Wiersma	Statistics in localized regime (exp) Idem (theo) $D(\mathbf{r})$ in localized regime
2006	Maret	Anomalous dynamic transmission of light near mobility edge
2007	Fishman/Segev	Transverse Light Localization in 2D lattices
2008	Page/Skipetrov/Van Tiggelen	3D localization of ultrasound

Diffusion of Waves



Diffusion = random walk of waves

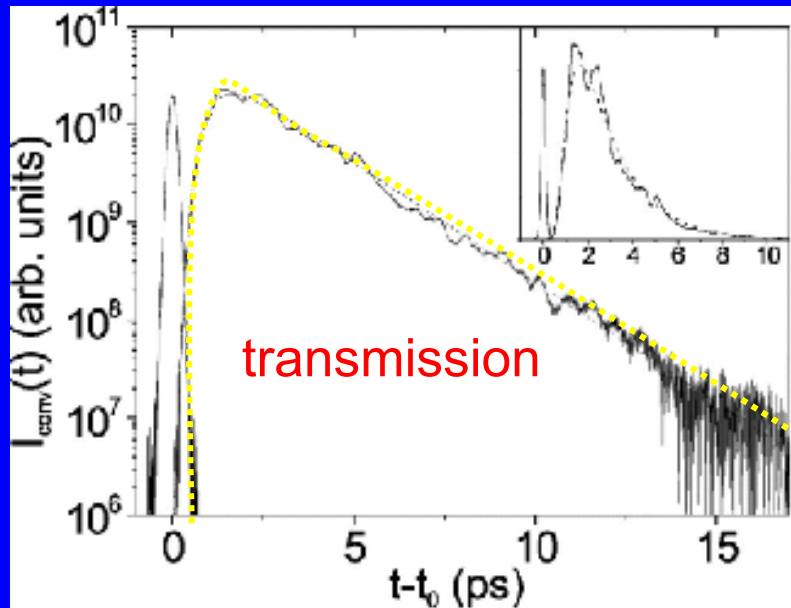
$$\partial_t \rho(\mathbf{r}, t) - D \nabla^2 \rho(\mathbf{r}, t) = S \delta(t) \delta(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_S)$$

$$\langle \mathbf{r}^2(t) \rangle = \frac{\langle \rho(\mathbf{r}, t) \mathbf{r}^2 \rangle}{\langle \rho(\mathbf{r}, t) \rangle} = 6D t$$

$$D = \frac{1}{3} v \ell^*$$

diffusion constant

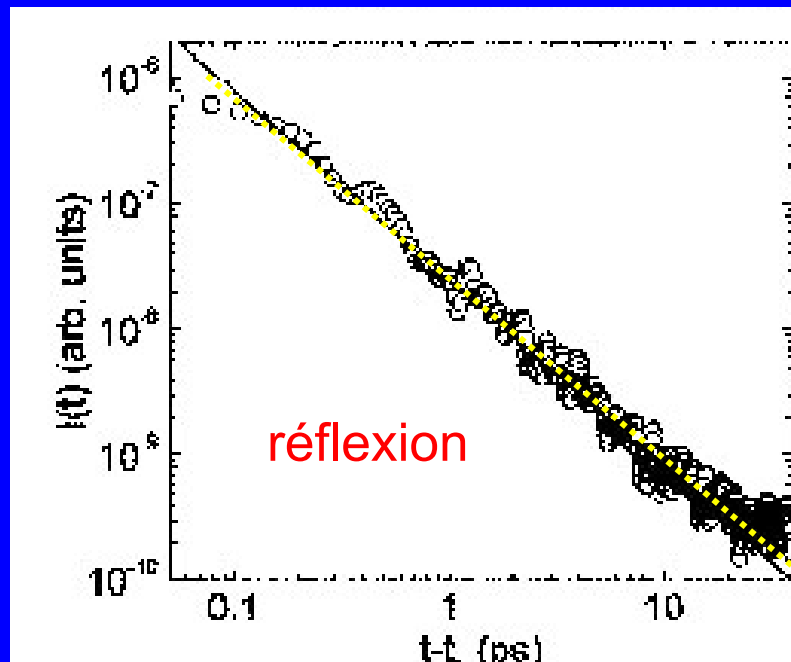
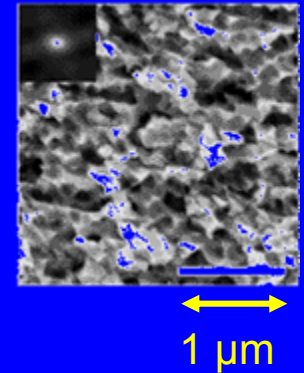
Diffusion, works even better than expected!



GaP poreux $L = 20 \mu\text{m}$
 $\lambda = 739 \text{ nm}$

Legendijk et al, PRE 2003

Diffusion equation



$$D = 23 \text{ m}^2 / \text{s}$$

$$\ell^* = 250 \text{ nm} \quad (k\ell^* = 2.1)$$

Anderson localisation?

« Unrecognizable monster »

• *suppressed diffusion* : $r^2(t) \rightarrow \text{constant}$ « $D(t) \sim 1/t$ »
Mesurable?

• *Dense « pure point » spectrum /*
(no level repulsion: infinite media)
Mesurable?

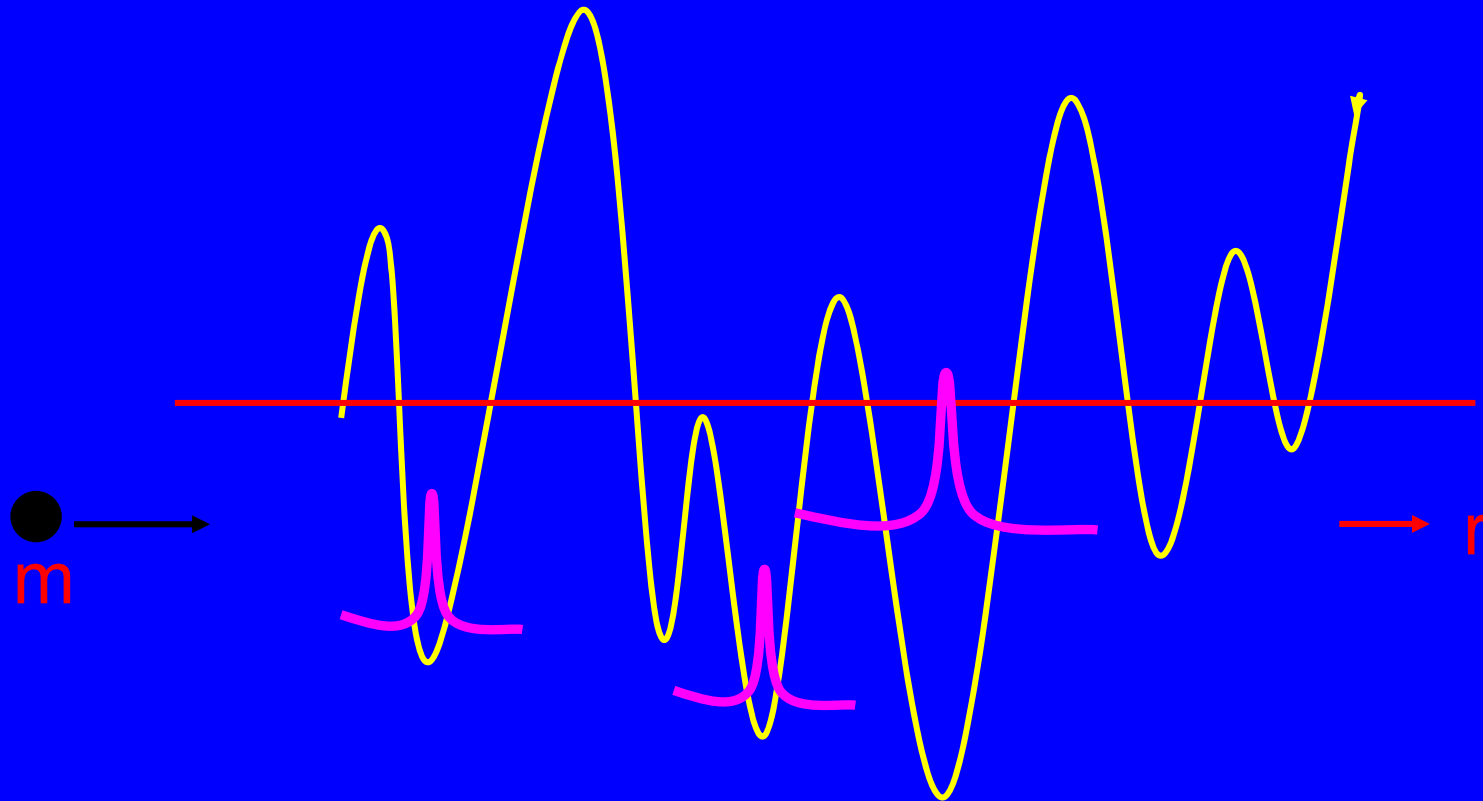
• *Giant nongaussian fluctuations (lognormal)*

• *complex dynamics (open media):* $T(t) \sim \exp(-D(t) t / L^2)$
(anomalous leaking) $R(t) \sim 1/t^2$

• $T(L), G(L) \sim \exp(-L/\xi)$

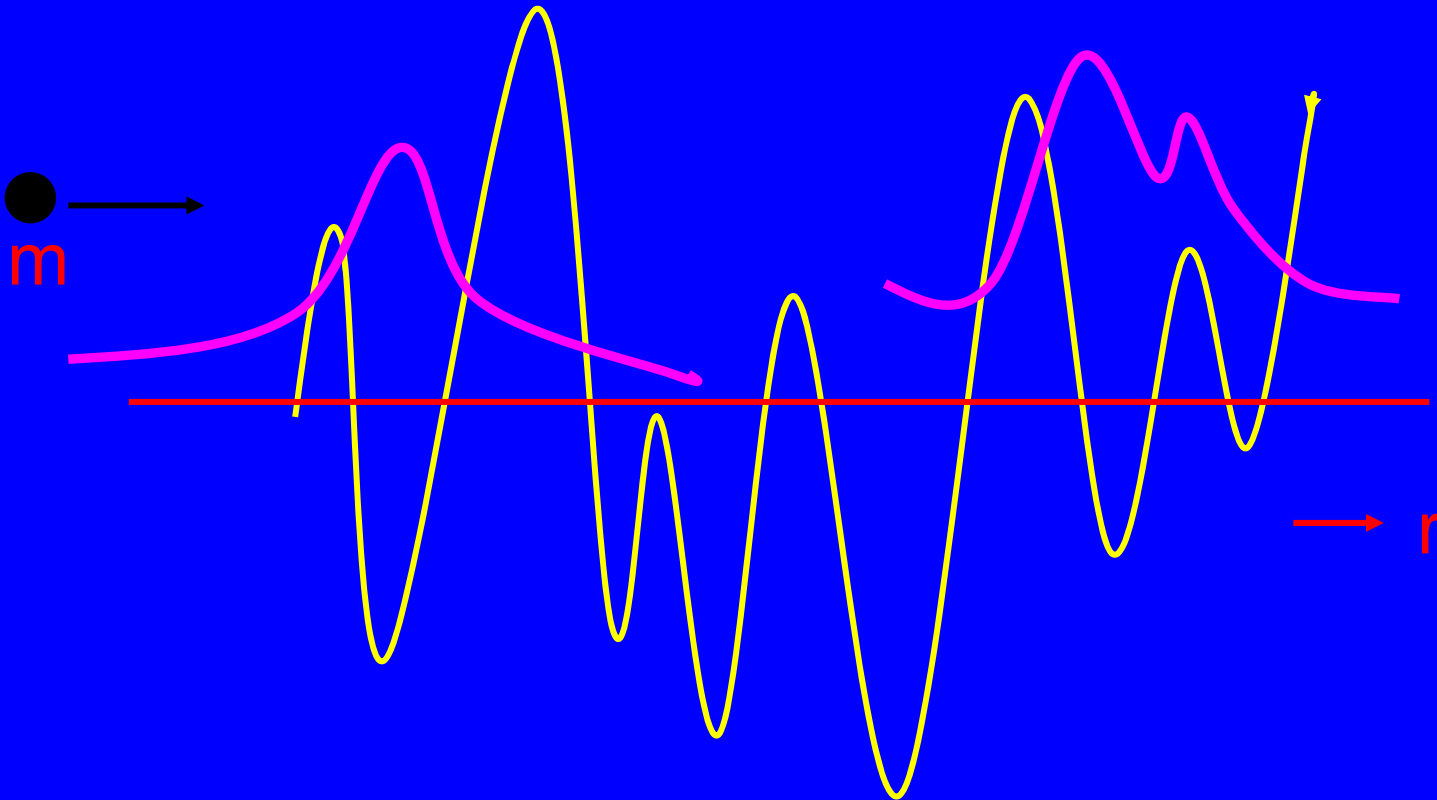
- Need good observable with continuous control parameter: $L, t, f, E \dots$
- Need a good theory that allows engineering

1D matter wave

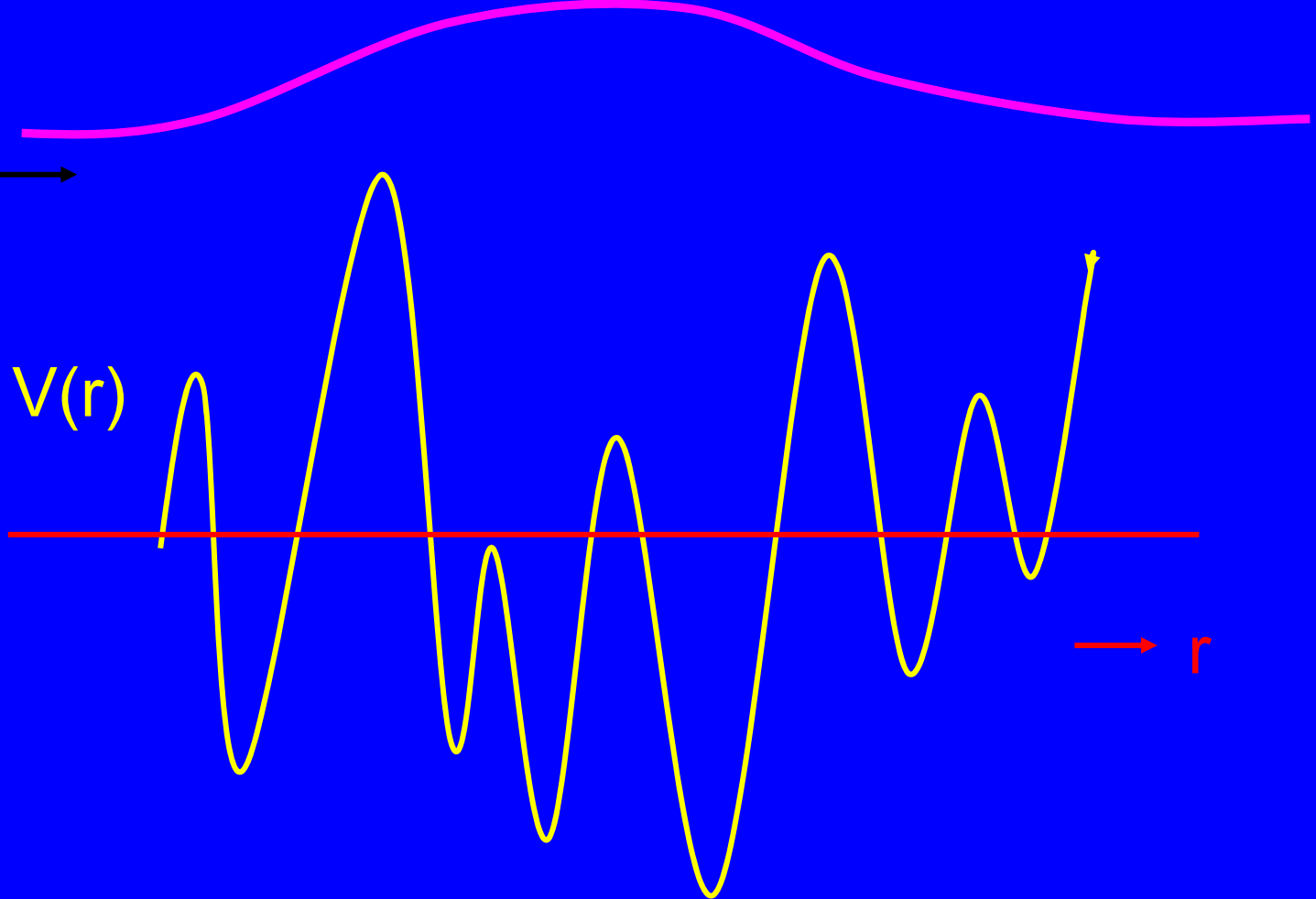
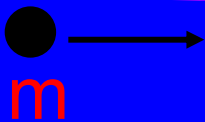


Trivial Localization: tunnelling is inefficient

1D matter wave



Localisation is «not trivial yet reasonable »



Localisation is « non trivial »: phase!

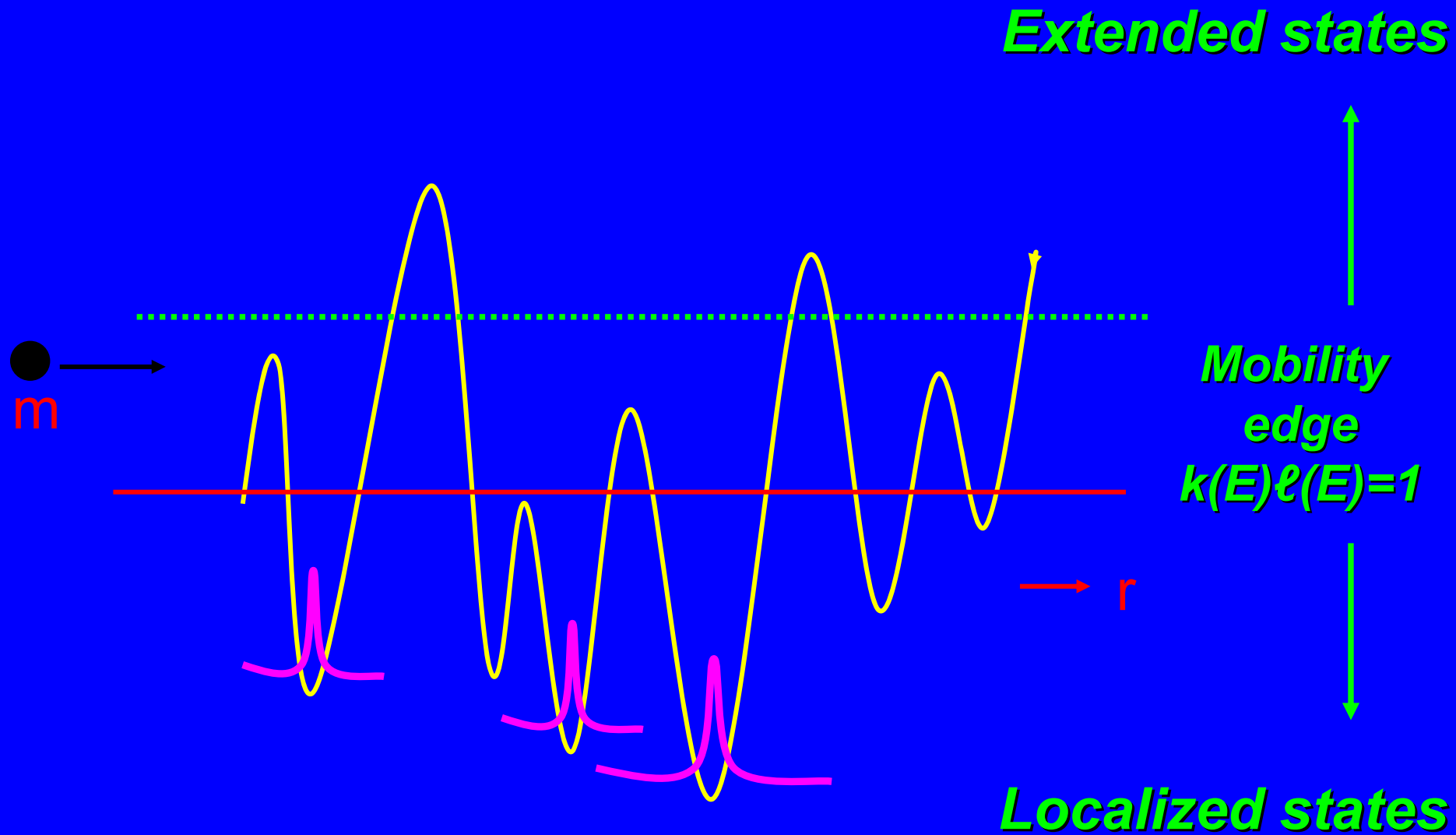
Classical waves

$$\varepsilon(\mathbf{r})\partial_t^2\psi(\mathbf{r},t) - \nabla^2\psi(\mathbf{r},t) = 0$$

$$\psi = \psi(\mathbf{r})\exp(-i\omega t) \Rightarrow \begin{cases} V(\mathbf{r}) = [1 - \varepsilon(\mathbf{r})]\omega^2 \\ E = \omega^2 \end{cases}$$

$$E > V$$

3D: strong disorder

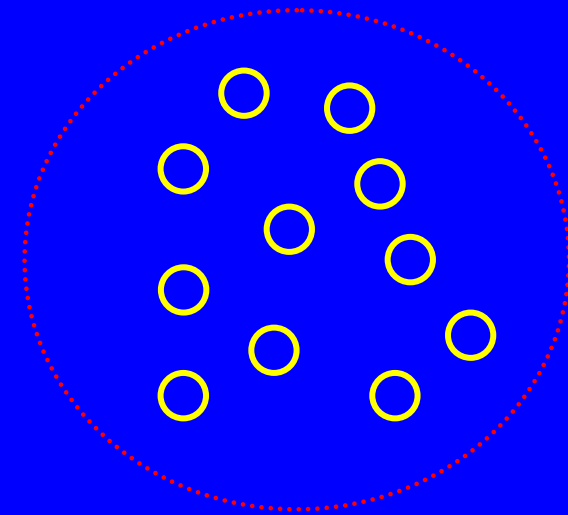
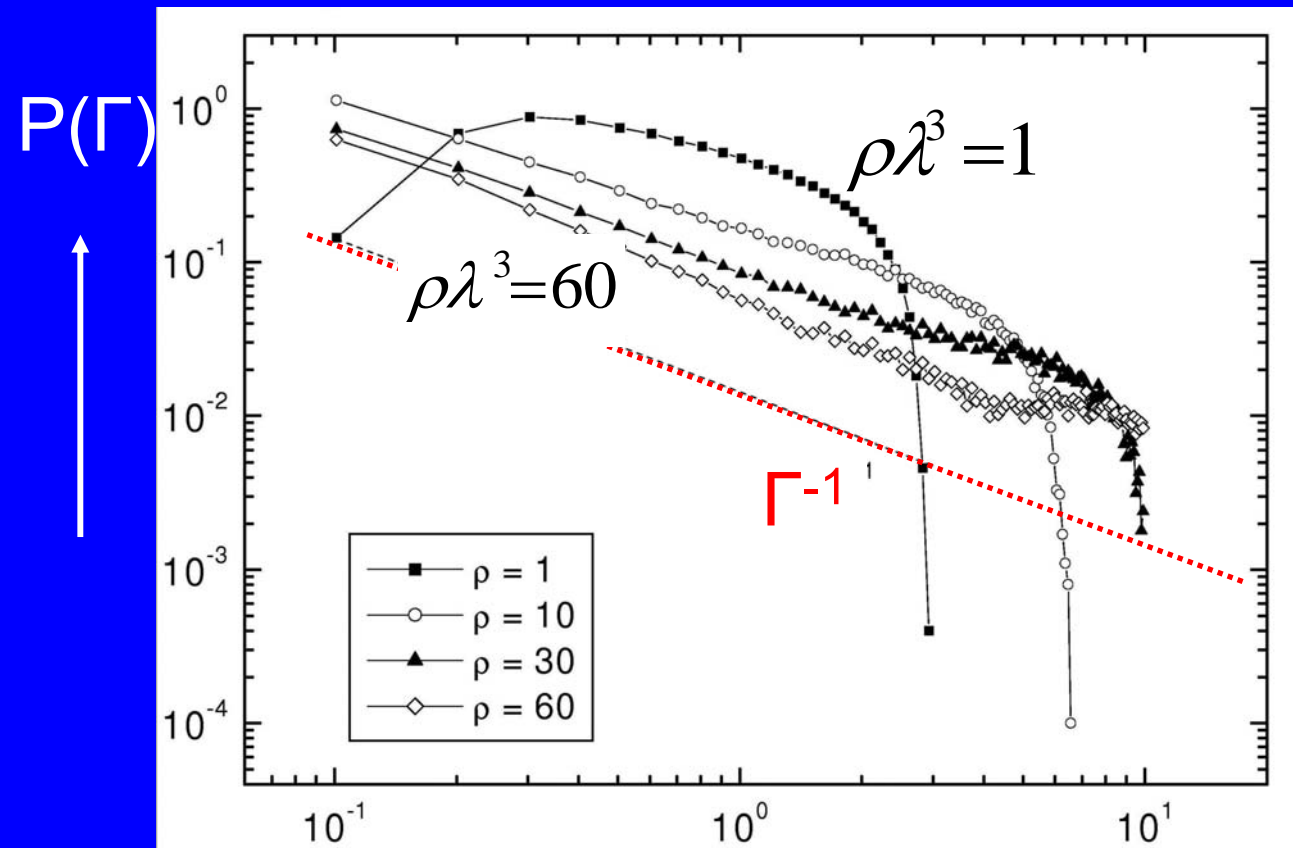


Localization in open media

Distribution of leakage rates

N dipoles in a 3D sphere

Kottos & Weiss 2003; Pinheiro/van Tiggelen PRE 2004



$$P(\Gamma) \propto \frac{1}{\Gamma}$$

—————> Leakage rate/ Thouless frequency

Theoretical Description

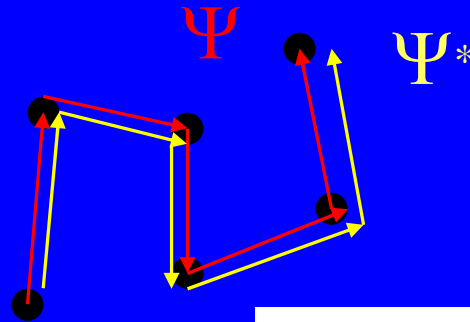
$$kl \gg 1$$

Boltzmann equation

Schwarzschild/Milne, 1900

Chandrasekhar, 1950

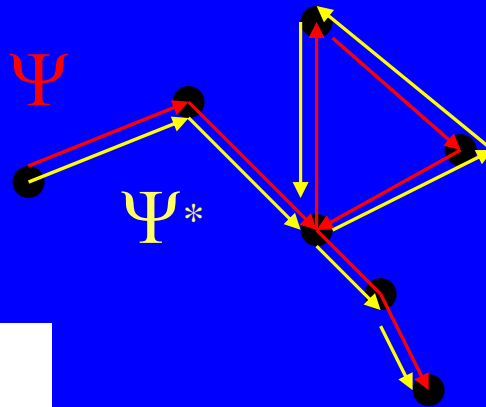
Van de Hulst, 1950



$$D_B = \frac{1}{3} v_E l^*$$

$$kl \approx 1$$

Self consistent theory



$$\frac{1}{D} = \frac{1}{D_B} + \frac{C(r,r)}{\pi v_E N(\omega)}$$

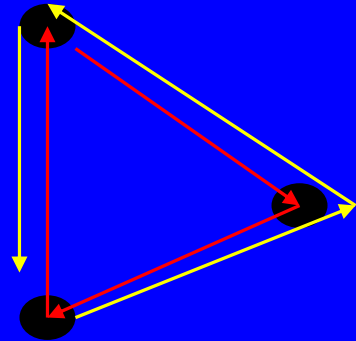
Vollhardt & Wölfle, 1980

reciprocity \Rightarrow

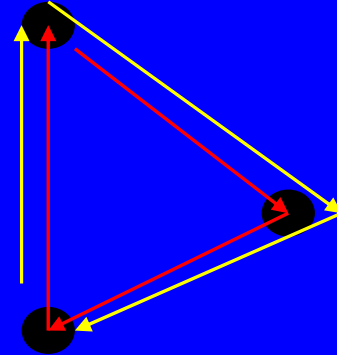
$C(\mathbf{r},\mathbf{r})$

$=$

$G(\mathbf{r},\mathbf{r})$



$=$



$$-\nabla \cdot D(\mathbf{r}) \nabla G(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') = \frac{4\pi}{\ell} \delta(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}')$$

$$\frac{1}{D(\mathbf{r})} = \frac{1}{D_B} + \frac{G(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r})}{\pi v_E N(\omega)}$$

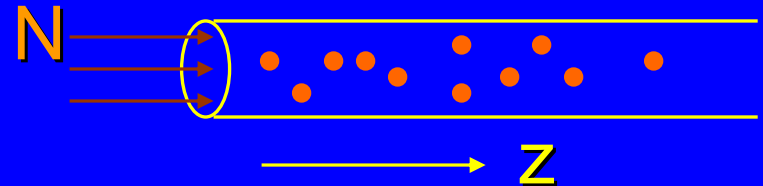
3D unbounded medium

$$G(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') = G(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'); \quad G(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}) = G(0) = \frac{4\pi}{\ell} \int_{q < 1/\ell} d^3\mathbf{q} \frac{1}{Dq^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow D = D_B \left(1 - \frac{1}{(k\ell)^2} \right)$$

OK Mott

Quasi-1D half-wire



$$d\tau \equiv \frac{dz}{D(z)} \Rightarrow -\partial_\tau^2 G(\tau, \tau') = \frac{4\pi}{\ell} \delta(\tau - \tau') \Rightarrow G(\tau, \tau) = \frac{4\pi}{\ell} \tau$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d\tau}{dz} := \frac{1}{D} = \frac{1}{D_B} + \frac{2}{\xi} \tau \Rightarrow D(z) = D_B \exp\left(\frac{2z}{\xi}\right)$$

$(\xi \propto N\ell)$

OK DMPK

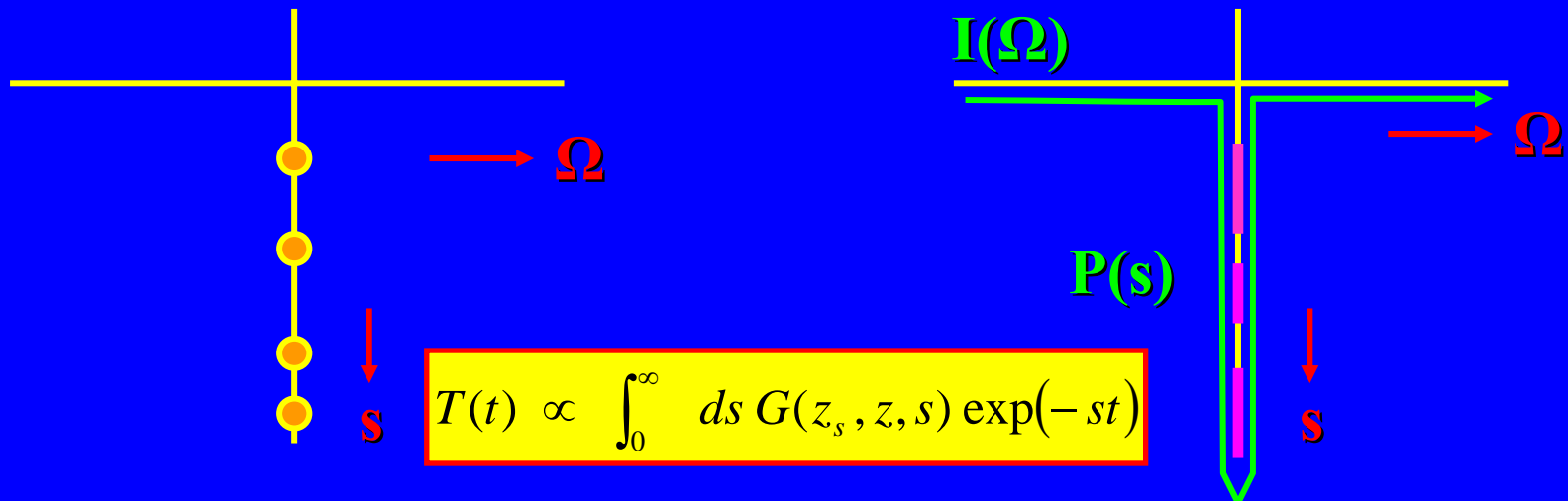
Complex Dynamics in finite open media

Skipetrov & Van Tiggelen, PRL 2004,2005

$$-\mathbf{s} G(z, z', q, \mathbf{s}) + \partial_z D(z, \mathbf{s}) G(z, z', q, \mathbf{s}) + q^2 G(z, z', q, \mathbf{s}) = \delta(z - z')$$

$$\frac{1}{D(z, \mathbf{s})} = \frac{1}{D_B} + \frac{2}{k^2 l} \int_{q < 1/3l} d^2 \mathbf{q} G(z, z, q, \mathbf{s})$$

Complex Frequency $\Omega + is$

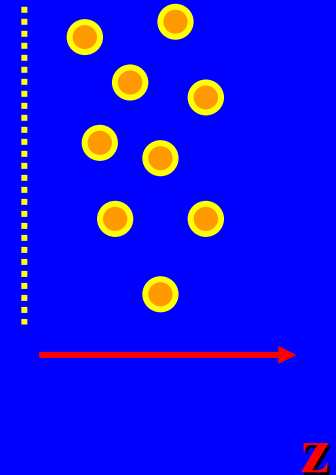
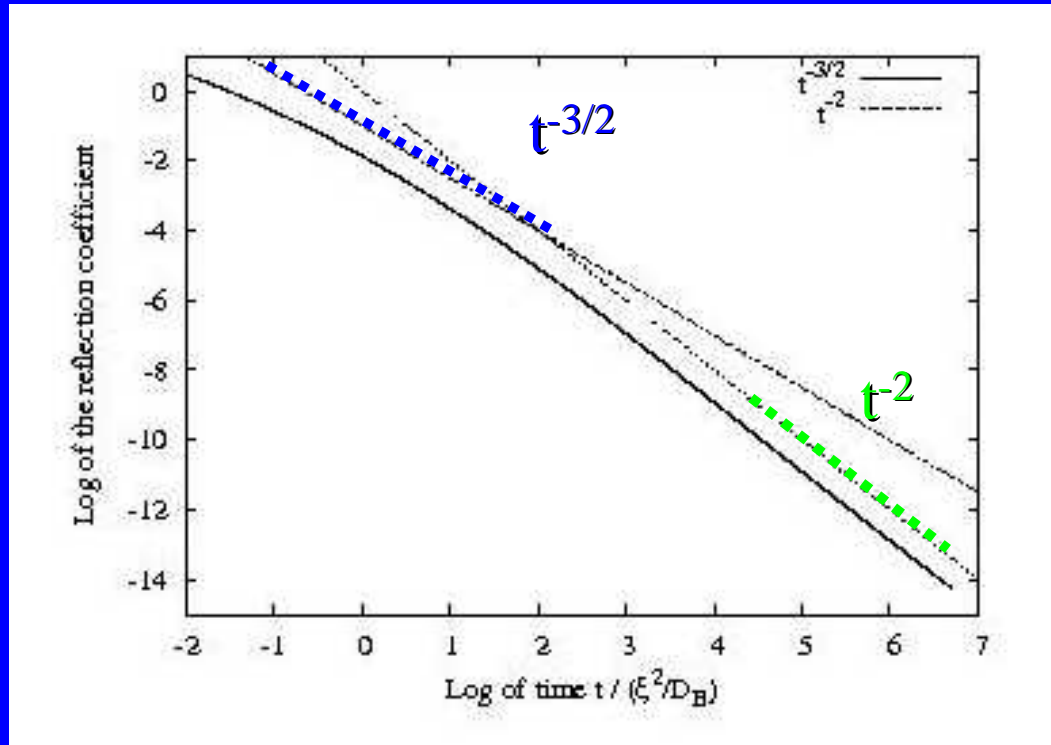


Diffuse regime: simple poles

Localized regime: Riemann sheets

3D, localized Half space : $k\ell=0.7$

$R(t)$



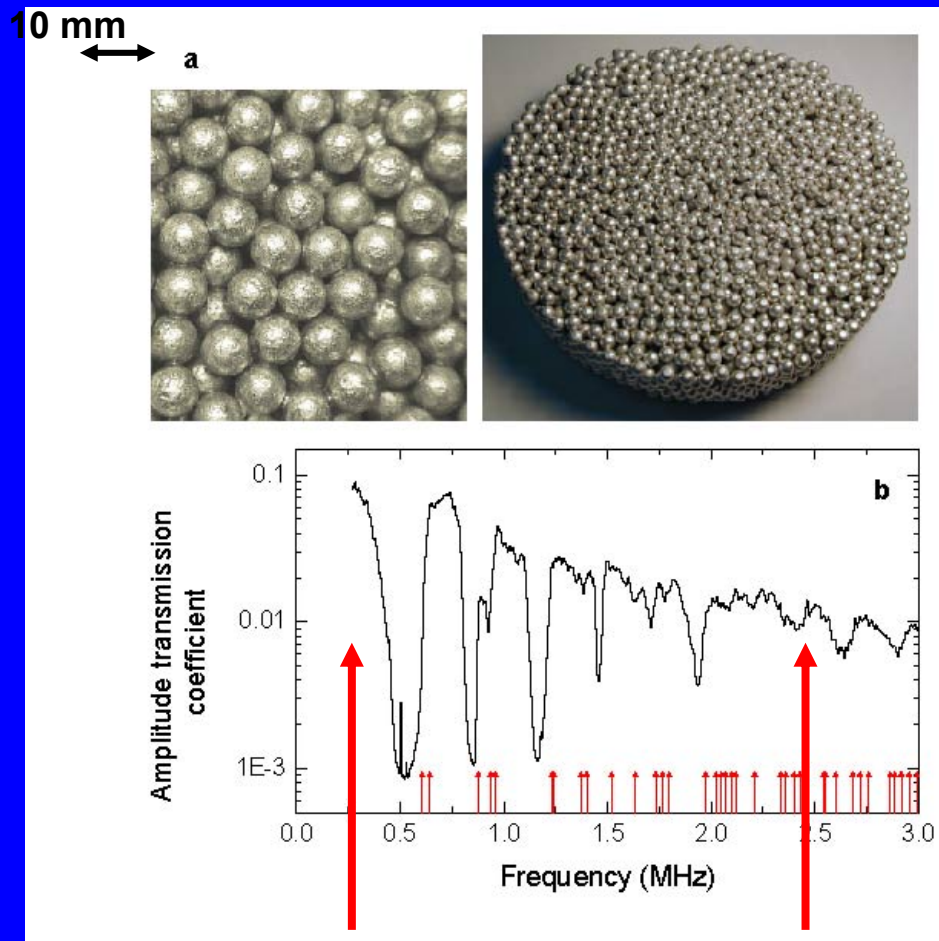
→ time/ (ζ^2/D_B)

$$R(t) \propto \frac{1}{t^2}$$

1D sismologie : Sheng Papanicolaou, 1987
Q1D (DMKP) Titov, Beenakker, 2000

3D Transverse localisation of ultrasound

Page (Winnipeg), Skipetrov, Van Tiggelen, Cherroret



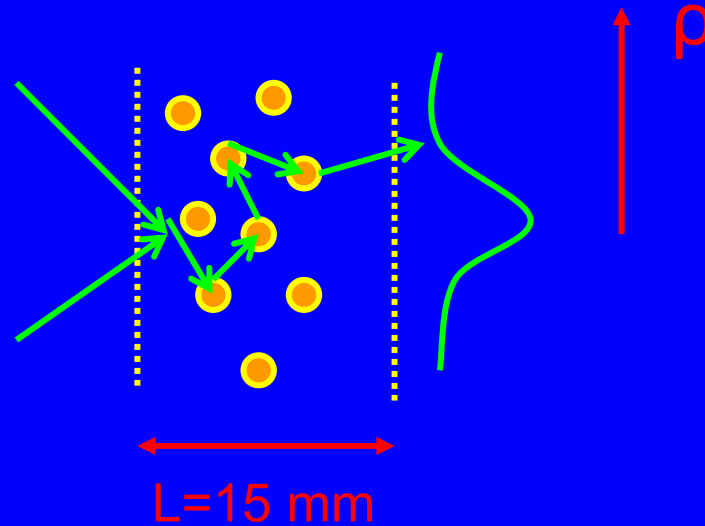
8 – 23 mm

diffuse

localized

3D Transverse localisation of ultrasound

Page (Winnipeg), Skipetrov, Van Tiggelen, Cherroret



Diffuse: $\langle \rho^2 \rangle = 4Dt$

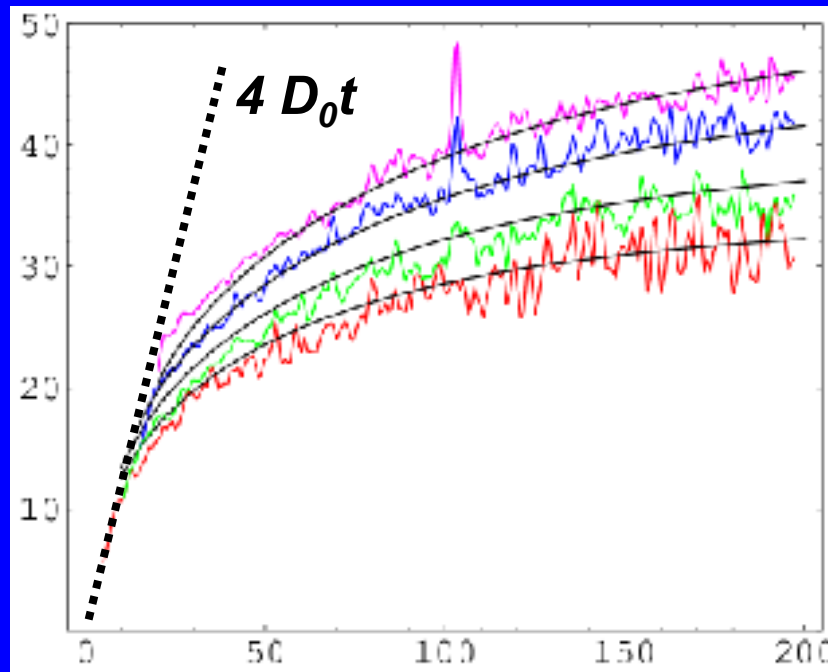
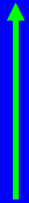
transition: $\langle \rho^2 \rangle \sim L^2$, not $t^{2/3}$

Localized: $\langle \rho^2 \rangle \sim L\xi$

3D Transverse localisation of ultrasound

Page, Skipetrov, Van Tiggelen,
Nature Physics October 2008

Transverse
size



$\rho = 30$ mm
 $\rho = 25$ mm
 $\rho = 20$ mm
 $\rho = 15$ mm

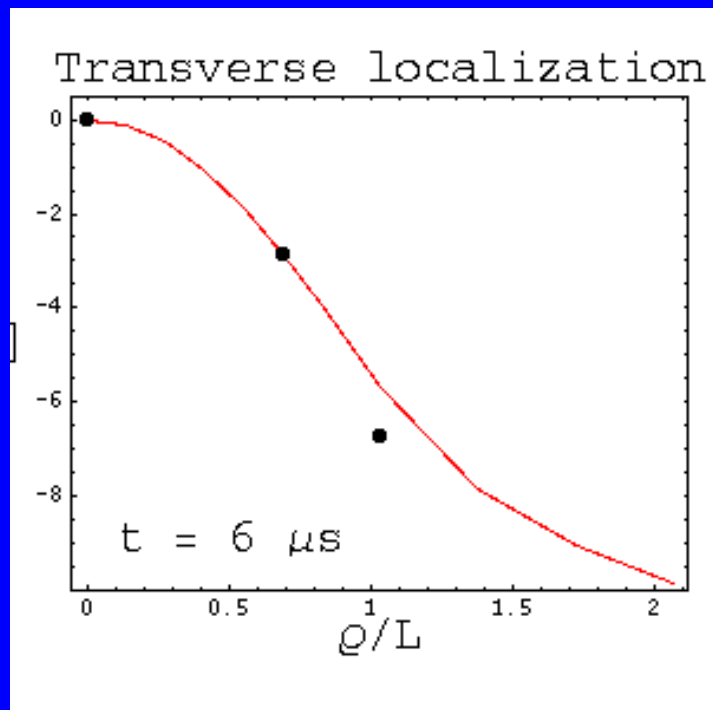
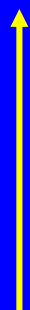
$k\ell \approx 1,82$

$v_E = 17,4$ km/s = $3.5 v_p$

$\xi = 16,3$ mm

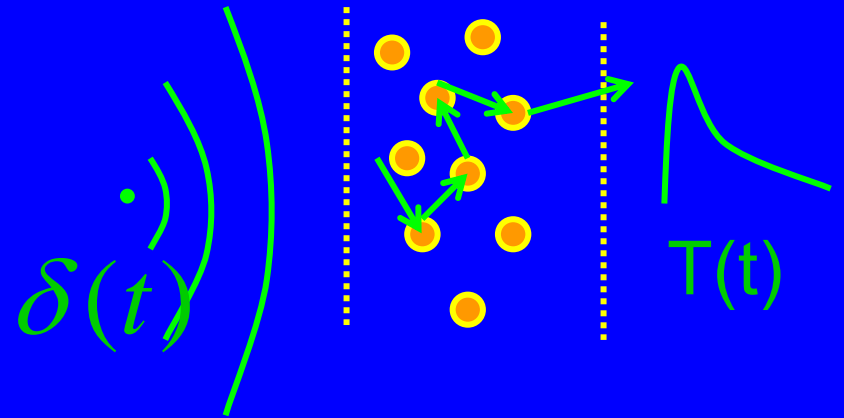
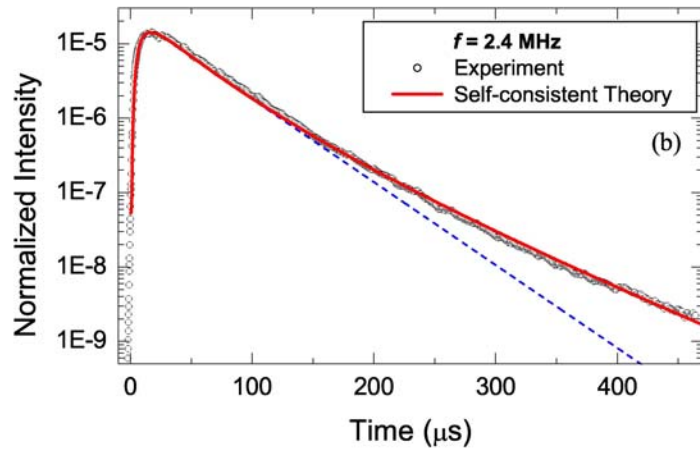
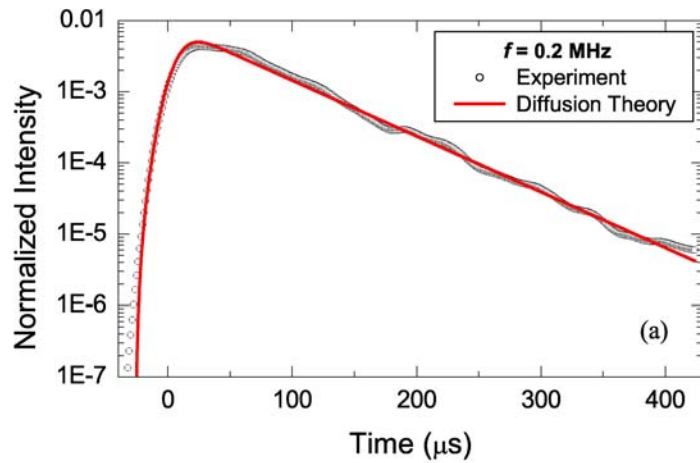
Time (ms)

**Near field
Ultrasound
energy**

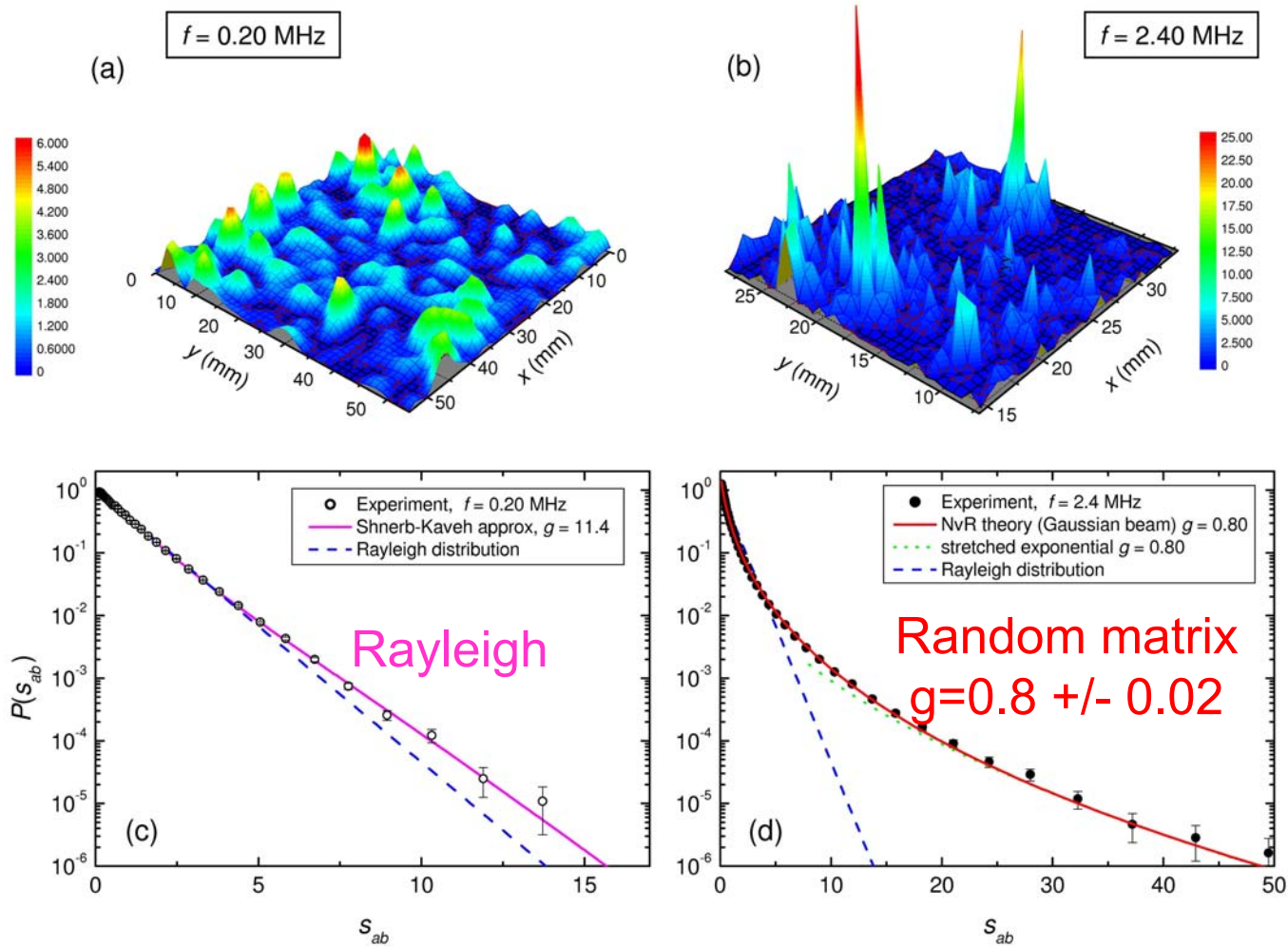


Transverse position

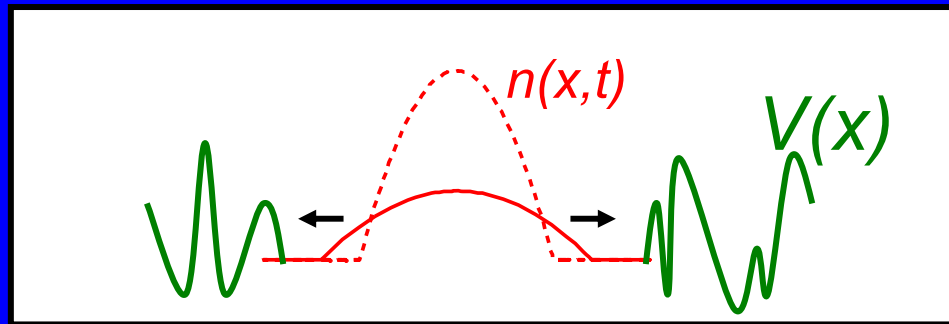
Time-dependent transmission



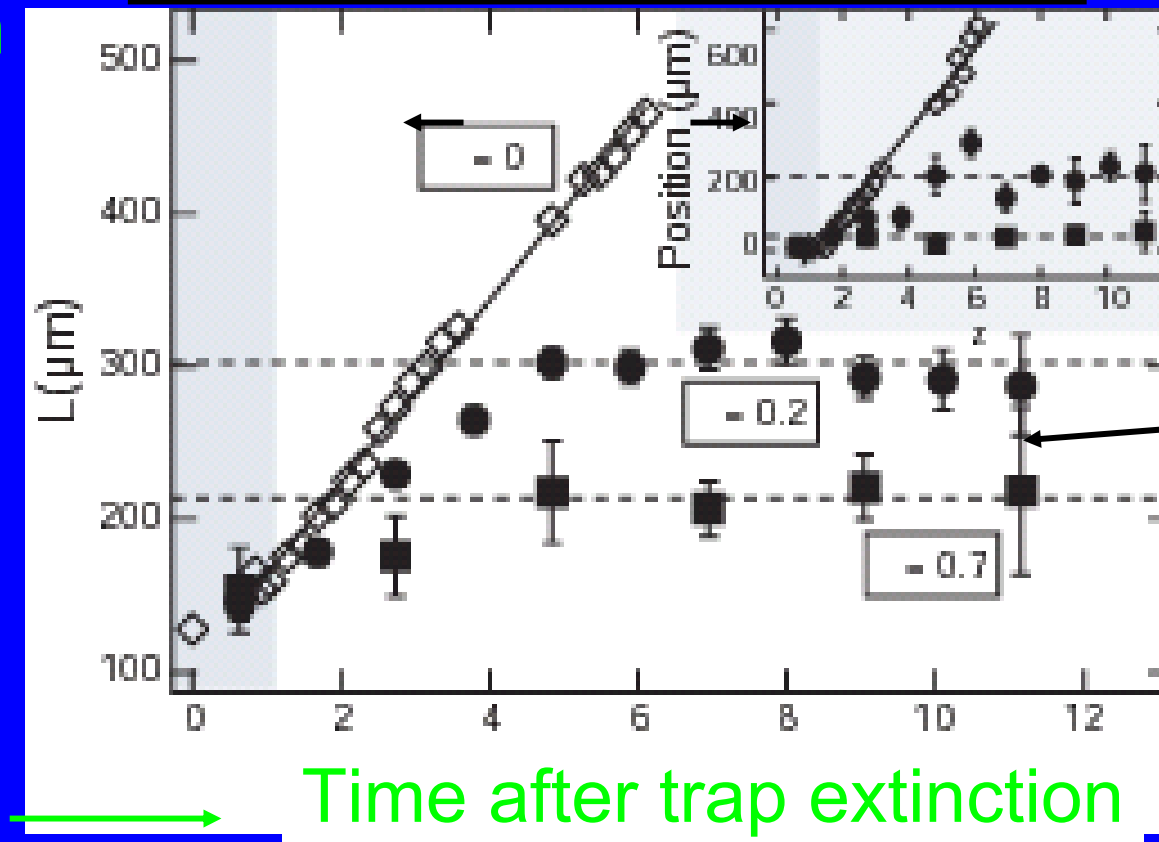
Speckle distribution of transmission



Inhibition of transport of Q1D BEC in random potential



expansion



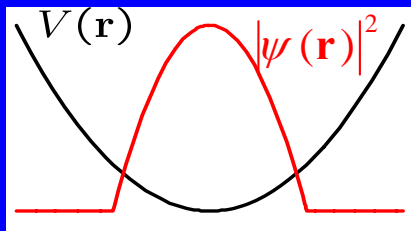
$$\frac{\delta V}{\mu} < 1$$

Localization of noninteracting cold atoms in 3D white noise

with Sergey Skipetrov, Anna Minguzzi and Boris Shapiro

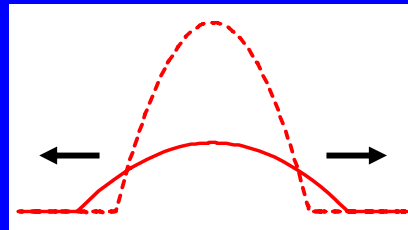
$$i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \psi(\mathbf{r}, t) = \left[-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 + V(\mathbf{r}) + g |\psi(\mathbf{r}, t)|^2 \right] \psi(\mathbf{r}, t)$$

$$\int d^3\mathbf{r} |\psi(\mathbf{r}, t)|^2 = N$$



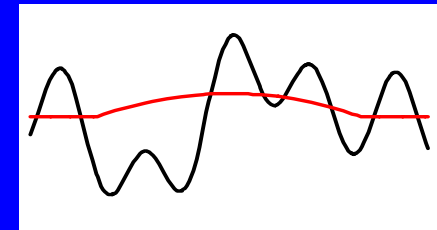
Trap stage

$$\psi(\mathbf{r}, t) = e^{-i\mu t} \sqrt{\frac{\mu - V(\mathbf{r})}{g}}$$



expansion stage ($t=0$)

$$\psi(\mathbf{k}, t=0) \propto \theta\left(\mu - \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m}\right)$$



Random potential

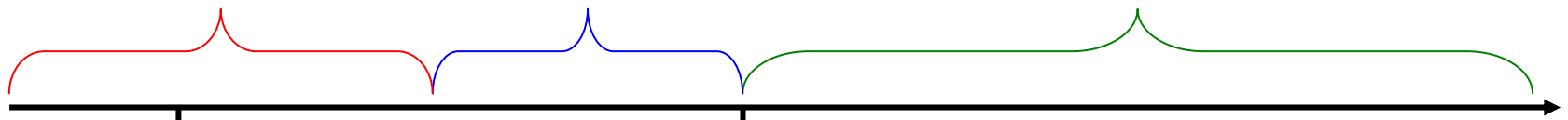
$$n(\mathbf{r}, t) = |\psi(\mathbf{r}, t)|^2 = ??$$

$t \rightarrow \infty$

Localization
with $\xi < \ell$

Localization
with $\xi > \ell$

Diffusive regime $D(\varepsilon) \propto \sqrt{\varepsilon}$



0

band edge

ε_c

mobility edge

μ

chemical potential

ε

Density profile of atoms at large times

$$\langle V(\mathbf{r})V(\mathbf{r}') \rangle = 4\pi U \delta(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}')$$

Probability of quantum diffusion

$$n(\mathbf{r}, t) = \int \frac{d^3\mathbf{k}}{(2\pi)^3} |\phi(\mathbf{k})|^2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dE A(E, \mathbf{k}) P_E(\mathbf{r}, t)$$

Spectral function

Distribution of velocities
 $mv = \hbar k$

$$-\frac{1}{\pi} \text{Im} \frac{1}{E - k^2 - U^2/4 + iU\sqrt{E}}$$

Mean free path:

$$\ell = \frac{1}{U}$$

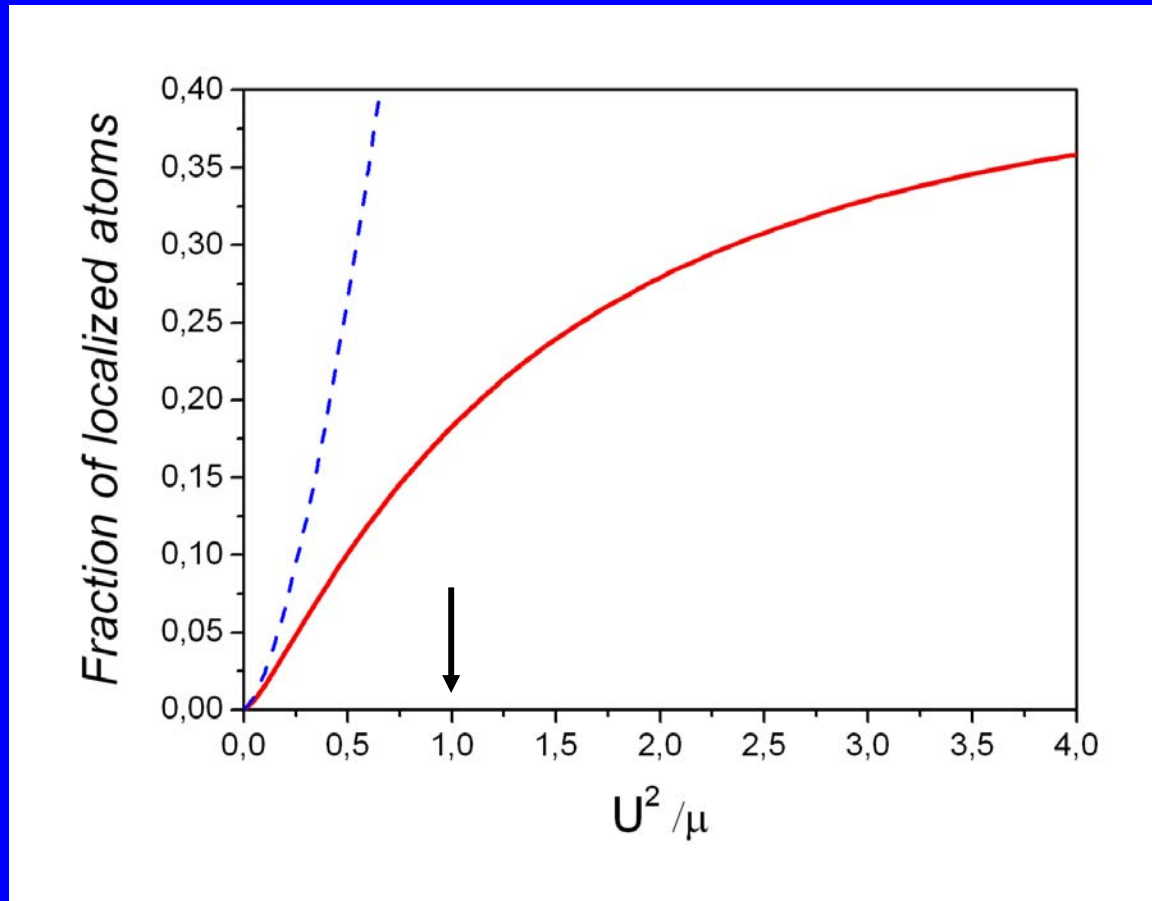
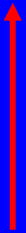


$$E < U^2$$

localized

Density profile of atoms at large times

Fraction
Of
Localized atoms



Potential fluctuation/chemical potential

Density profile of atoms at large times

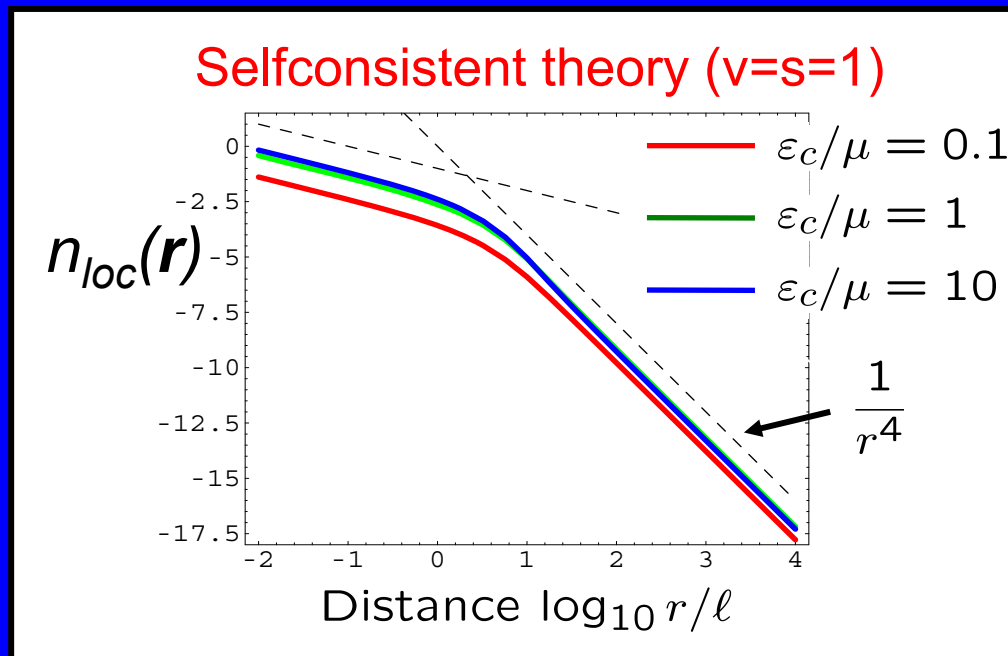
$$n(\mathbf{r}, t) = n_{\text{loc}}(\mathbf{r}) + \Delta n_{AD}(\mathbf{r}, t)$$

↓
localized

↓
anomalous diffusion

$$\xi(\varepsilon) \propto \frac{1}{(\varepsilon_c - \varepsilon)^\nu} \Rightarrow n_{\text{loc}}(\mathbf{r}) \propto \frac{1}{r^{3+1/\nu}}$$

$$D(\varepsilon) \propto (\varepsilon - \varepsilon_c)^s \Rightarrow \Delta n_{AD}(\mathbf{r}, t) \propto \frac{1}{r^{3-2/s} t^{1/s}}$$



50 years of Anderson Localization
Paris, Institut Henry Poincaré
4/5 december 2008

<http://www.andersonlocalization.com>

**Speakers: P.W.Anderson, D.J. Thouless
A. Aspect, S. John, P. Wölfle,
G. Maret, R. Weaver, A.Z. Genack,
A. Lagendijk, A. Mirlin, M. Schreiber**

Theory and experiments, old and new things



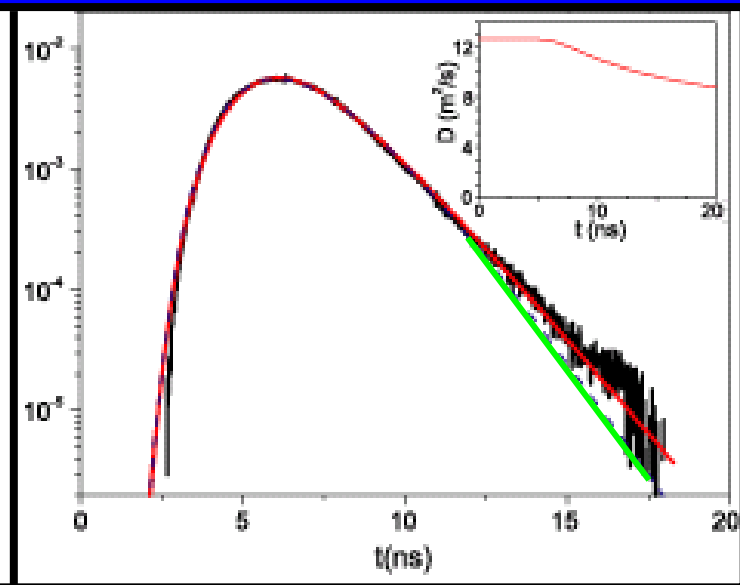
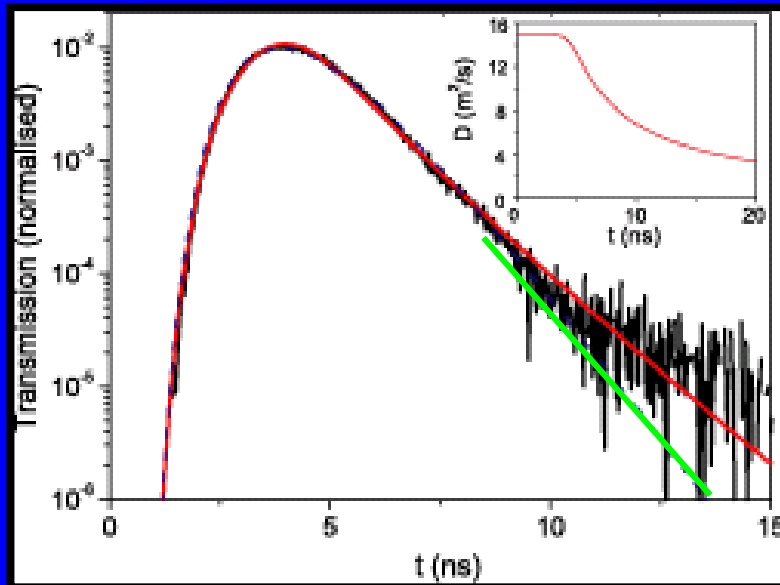
G. Maret et al, EPL 2006

TiO₂ powder ; L/l = 10 000

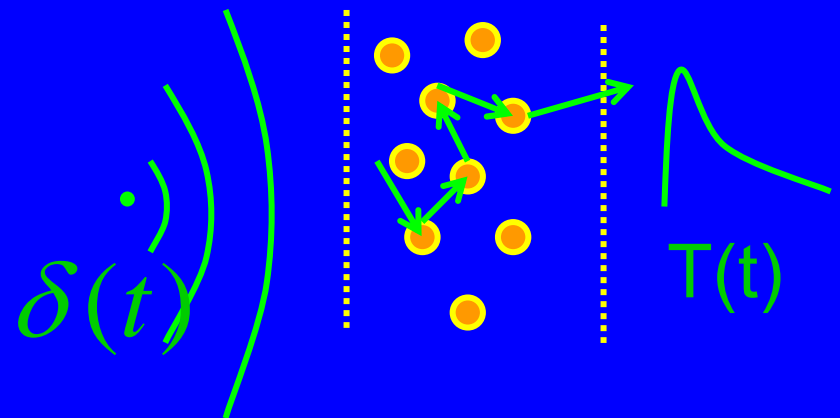
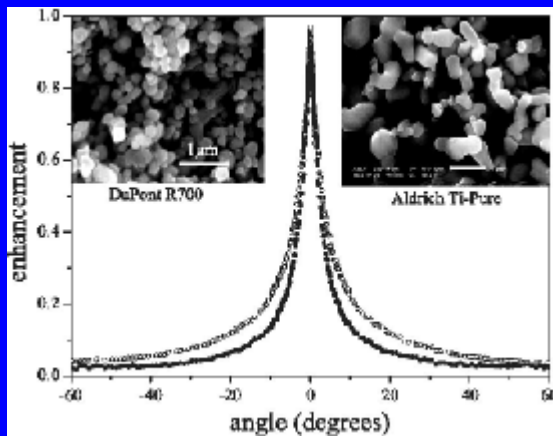
Localized? : $k\ell < 4,2$ $D(t) \sim 1/t$

Mobility edge: $k\ell \approx 4,2$ $D(t) \sim 1/t^{1/3}$

transmission ↑



time →



Sample and CBS



Cliché, cliché !

- ✱ L'article d'Anderson's en 1958 a été « *often quoted but never read* »
- ✱ Il y a autant de définitions et d'approches qu'il y a de publications.
- ✱ La moitié des publications est

 - soit fausse
 - soit triviale
 - soit déjà contenue dans le papier d'Anderson en 1958
 - soit trop compliquée ou trop phénoménologique pour comprendre les expériences

Protect me from knowing what I don't need to know

Protect me even from knowing that there are things to know that I don't know

Protect from knowing that I decided not to know

about the things that I decided not to know about

Douglas Adams, *Mostly Harmless*, 1992



density of atoms

